

Samoa School Certificate

VISUAL ARTS

2017

QUESTION and ANSWER BOOKLET

Time allowed: 3 Hours & 10 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. You have 10 minutes to read **before** you start the exam.
- Write your Student Education Number (SEN) in the space provided on the top left hand corner of this page.
- 3. Answer ALL QUESTIONS. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.
- 4. If you need more space, ask the Supervisor for extra paper. Write your SEN on all extra sheets used and clearly number the questions. Attach the extra sheets at the appropriate places in this booklet.

	STRANDS	Page	Time (min)	Weighting
STRAND 1:	LEARNING ABOUT OUR ENVIRONMENT – CULTURAL AND URBAN ENVIRONMENT	2	58	24
STRAND 2:	ELEMENTS AND PRINCIPLES OF ART – THE ELEMENTS OF VALUE AND COLOUR	7	40	7
STRAND 3:	PATTERNS OF OCEANIA – MELANESIAN ART	9	36	30
STRAND 4:	THE PRINCIPLES OF GRAPHIC DESIGN AND ILLUSTRATION – PRINT MEDIA	15	23	14
STRAND 5:	THE LANGUAGE OF MULTI-MEDIA ART – WEAVING	17	23	25
	TOTAL		180	100

Check that this booklet contains pages 2-23 in the correct order and that none of these pages are blank.

HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION

Study both images below to answer Numbers 1 - 9.



Figure 1: A photograph of a modern Samoan house.

Source: pinterest.com



Figure 2: The traditional Samoan fale, Harry Pidgeon collection.

Source: <u>http://138.23.124.165/</u> collection

Identity ONE cultural feature in the photos above.	
	SL 1
Identify a western influence made on the Samoan fale in Figure 1.	
	SL 1
Name a structure of the Samoan fale that was later replaced by tarpaulin.	
	SL 1
	02.1

How does the shape of the Samoan fale support the Samo	oan culture?
	SL ′
Describe the characteristics of the Samoan cultural environment in Figure 2. Describe the architectural changes made to the traditional fale that esulted in the modern Samoan fale (Figure 1 & 2).	nment in
	SL:
Describe the architectural changes made to the traditional resulted in the modern Samoan fale (Figure 1 & 2).	fale that
	SL 2
Compare the two Samoan fale shown in Figure 1 and Figure 1	
	SL 3

						SL
						_
Analyze wł	ny over time, ch	nanges we	re made to the	e Samoa	an fale	
Analyze wł	ny over time, ch	nanges we	re made to the	e Samoa	an fale	SL
Analyze wh	ny over time, ch	nanges we	re made to the	e Samoa	an fale	SL
Analyze wh	ny over time, ch	nanges we	re made to the	e Samoa	an fale	SL
Analyze wh	ny over time, ch	nanges we	re made to the	e Samoa	an fale	SL
Analyze wh	ny over time, ch	nanges we	re made to the	e Samoa	an fale	SL
Analyze wh	ny over time, ch	nanges we	re made to the	e Samoa	an fale	SL
Analyze wh	ny over time, ch	nanges we	re made to the	e Samoa	an fale	SL
Analyze wh	ny over time, ch		re made to the			SL
Analyze wh	ny over time, ch					SL
Analyze wh	ny over time, ch					SL
Analyze wh	ny over time, ch					SL
Analyze wh	ny over time, ch					SL
Analyze wh	ny over time, ch					SL

Study the image below to answer Number 10.

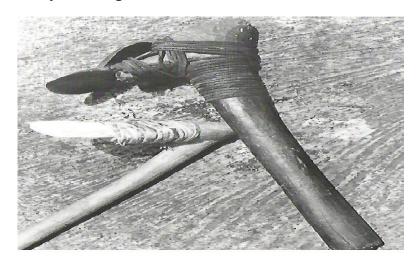


Figure 3: A photograph of Samoan building tools from the book 'The Samoan Fale', UNESCO, 1992

10.	Name the traditional tool above (Figure 3).	
		SL 1

Study the image below to answer Numbers 11 – 14.



Figure 4: Collage by Moemoe von Reiche, Cityscape Apia, Teacher's Guide, Ministry of Education, Sports and Culture, 2004

Define the term <i>Urban Environment</i> .	
	SL 1
Identify ONE characteristic of an Urban Environment from the collage above.	
	SL 1
	Identify ONE characteristic of an Urban Environment from the collage

13.	Name ONE shape that is common in the collage (Figure 4).	
		SL 1
4.	Describe ONE other feature of the Urban Environment.	
		SL 2



Figure 5: Colour Wheel, Source: w3schools.com

15.	Name ONE primary colour.	
		SL 1
16.	Identify an emotion associated with blue.	
		SL 1
17.	Describe how to create a cool colour.	
		SL 2

18.	Explain the p	rocess for crea	ating tertiary	colours.		
						SL 3

Use the Figures below to answer Numbers 19 – 27.



Figure 7: Tumbuan Mask from the Middle Sepik River, East Sepik Province Papua New Guinea.



Figure 8: Mask from the Middle Sepik River, East Sepik Province Papua New Guinea.

Source: new-guinea-tribal-art.com

Source: new-guinea-tribal-art.com

19. Name the island where the mask in Figure 7 is from.

SL 1

20. Identify a material used in Figure 7.

SL 1

Identify a symbolic motif used in one of the images.	
	SL 1
Compare the materials used in Figures 7 and 8.	SL 2
Describe TWO differences between the two masks.	
	SL 2
Explain the significance of the masks for the people of the island of where they are from.	
	SL 3

5	Explain the sin	nilarities between the masks.	
			SL 3
5.	Explain a cere	monial purpose for why these masks are used.	
			SL 3
' .	Name another	Melanesian Island that has similar masks.	
			SL 3

Study the artifact in Figure 9 to answer Numbers 28 – 33.



Figure 9: One fathom of shell money, Basu Village Malaita, Solomon Islands.

Source: pacific art.com

28.	Name the artifact.	
		SL 1
29.	How was the artifact used in the Solomon Islands?	
		SL 1
30.	Describe a feature of the artifact.	
		SL 2

	l shell money	or the mode	eni com and			
						SL
Explain the cu	ultural significa	ance of the a	artifact.			
						SL
	,					
Explain why s	hell currency v	was replace	ed by the moi	ney curren	су.	
Explain why s	hell currency \	was replace	d by the mor	ney curren	cy.	SL
Explain why s	hell currency v	was replace	d by the mor	ney curren	cy.	SL
Explain why s	hell currency \	was replace	ed by the mor	ney curren	cy.	SL
Explain why s	hell currency v	was replace	ed by the mor	ney curren	cy.	SL
Explain why s	hell currency \	was replace	ed by the mor	ney curren	cy.	SL
Explain why s	hell currency v	was replace	ed by the mor	ney curren	cy.	SL
Explain why s	hell currency v	was replace	ed by the mor	ney curren	cy.	SL

Use the images below to answer Numbers 34 – 41.



Figure 10: A demonstration of printmaking using stencil,

Photo courtesy of Ieremia Gale, 2009



Figure 11: Siapo making at the Madd Gallery, Teacher Guide 9-10, Ministry of Education, Sports and Culture, 2004

34.	In Figure 10, what materials are being used for printmaking?	
		SL 1
35.	In Figure 10, state the process used in the technique shown.	
		SL 1

6.	Describe the similarities between the techniques shown in Figure 10 and Figure 11.	
		SL 2
7.	Explain the differences between stenciling (Figure 10) and printing with an upeti (Figure 11).	
		SL 3
3.	Name a traditional ink used for printing in Figure 11.	
		SL 1
9.	State a ceremonial use of the Siapo.	
		SL 1

						SL 1
					00.	
 						SL 4
						
xplain where	Explain where the ideas for	xplain where the ideas for the moti	xplain where the ideas for the motifs are from	xplain where the ideas for the motifs are from and wh	xplain where the ideas for the motifs are from and what they	

Use the image below to answer Numbers 42 – 48.



Figure 12: A young girl demonstrating how to weave a fan, Savaii, Photo courtesy of Leutogi H. Falevaai, 2015

42.	Define weaving.	
		SL 1
43.	Name a material used in traditional weaving.	
		SL 1
44.	Name the object being woven in Figure 12.	
		SL 1
45	Identify ONE natural material used in the weaving	
45.	Identify ONE natural material used in the weaving.	
		SL 1

3.	Name ONE difference of weaving in the past compared to weaving performed today.	
		SL 1
7.	Explain the contemporary materials used for weaving in the modern Samoa.	
	Samoa.	SL 3
	·································	
•	Name ONE item that is woven differently today compared to traditional weaving of the past.	
		SL 1

Use the image below to answer Numbers 49 – 54.



Figure 13: Photograph from the book 'The Samoan Fale', UNESCO, 1992

what is the woven paim used for?	
	SL 1
Name the weaving shown in the photograph.	
	SL 1
In Samoan society today, what material has replaced the skill for creating the item in Figure 13?	
	SL 1
	Name the weaving shown in the photograph. In Samoan society today, what material has replaced the skill for

Describe other types of modern materials that have replaced traditional materials for weaving.	
ğ.	SL 2
Explain why changes have been made to these types of traditional weaving.	
	SL 3
·	
Explain the significance of traditional weaving in modern Samoa.	
	SL 3
	Explain why changes have been made to these types of traditional weaving.

			SL 4
	 		_
			_
			_
-			_
	 		 <u> </u>
	 		

STUDENT EDUCATION NUMBER								

VISUAL ARTS

2017

(For Scorers only)

C	URRICULUM STRANDS	Weighting	Scores	Chief Scorer
STRAND 1:	LEARNING ABOUT OUR ENVIRONMENT – CULTURAL AND URBAN ENVIRONMENT	24		
STRAND 2:	ELEMENTS AND PRINCIPLES OF ART – THE ELEMENTS OF VALUE AND COLOUR	7		
STRAND 3:	PATTERNS OF OCEANIA – MELANESIAN ART	30		
STRAND 4:	THE PRINCIPLES OF GRAPHIC DESIGN AND ILLUSTRATION – PRINT MEDIA	14		
STRAND 5:	THE LANGUAGE OF MULTI- MEDIA ART – WEAVING	25		
	TOTAL	100		